|  |  | TEACHER: MARVIS LAGAREJO |  | GRADE: $6^{\circ}$ |
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| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { SUBJECT: ENGLISH } \\ \hline \text { PERIOD: I } \end{array}$ |  | DATE: WEEK FROM JANUARY 23 TO JANUARY 27 |  | NUMBER OF HOURS: 20 |
| CLASS 50' | GOAL AND TOPIC | STRATEGIES AND LEARNINGS | RESOURSES | EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS |
| 2 hours $6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}: 23-01$ | FAMILY MEMBERS <br> Identify words to express family relationship. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. Then, the lesson will begin with being clear to the rules in the English class and some command for using during the class. <br> 1. ALWAYS respect others, 2. ALWAYS be on time to class. 3. Follow the instructions given by the teacher. 4. Enter class quietly. 5. ALWAYS do homework on time. 6. Keep your desk organized. $\qquad$ <br> Commands: Good morning, Good afternoon, how are you? Fine thank you, Close the door, Turn to next page, Sit down, Work in pairs. $\qquad$ <br> D. After that, I will encourage my students to try to speak en English using these words in case they need them. <br> Activity. <br> Students will follow instructions using the commands. <br> C. Checking the activities with the class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board Solving exercises. (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) Checking activities in the board |



## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras"
PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023

| $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { hours } \\ 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}: 23-01 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | FAMILY MEMBERS <br> Identify words to express family relationship. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. <br> Warm-up <br> I will explain that I am going to say some family words, and that they must write the 'partner' word in their notebooks. For example, you say mother and they write father. Continue with the other words from exercises 1 and 2 (son - daughter; grandmother - grandfather; aunt - uncle; grandchildren - grandparents; husband - wife). <br> D: I will tell students to match the sentences to the pictures. I will tell students to look at the four pictures and to say how many people are in each one. <br> Next, ask them to read the sentences and say what they think the words in bold mean. The Focus on Language section will look at possessive adjectives on the next page, so there is no need to analyze these sentences in a lot of detail at this stage. <br> I will ask students to do the matching task. I will do the first one as an example. Students will work individually first of all and write their answers in their notebook before comparing their ideas with a partner. I will heck that they Understand the meaning of only child (a child with no brothers or sisters). <br> Match the sentences a-d to the pictures 1-4. <br> a. She's my aunt. Her name's Anna. <br> c. They're Juanita, Luis and Pedro. Their <br> b. We're from Venezuela. Our family is very big. <br> d. I'm an only child. My family is very small. <br> C: Check answers as a class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board. |
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| $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { hours } \\ 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}: 23-01 \end{gathered}$ | FAMILY MEMBERS <br> Identify words to express family relationship. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. I will ask students to read the sentences before they listen to the pronunciation. I will play audio Track and pause after each sentence to give students time to say each one. <br> Listen and repeat the sentences. <br> a. My family is small. <br> b. Your mother is from Austria. <br> e. The dog loves its ball. <br> f. Our names are Lala and Lily. <br> c. Her name is Laura. <br> g. Their names are Sophie and Chris. <br> d. His name is Andrés. <br> D: I will write the possessive adjectives from the sentences on the board. I will ask students to tell me which personal pronoun (I, you, he, we, etc.) they go with. I will Point out or elicit that possessive adjectives in English are the same for singular and plural nouns. For example, our mother and our parents (not ours parents). <br> Next, I will tell students that complete the text with the correct possessive adjective. Before students complete the text, I will ask them to look at the picture, read the gapped text quickly and say who in the picture is describing their family (the boy standing up). <br> I will tell students to write their answers in their notebook. Students complete the text individually. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Extra activity. <br> Ask questions about the completed text. For example, Who is Rose? (his sister), How old is Pablo? (Six), Who is George? (His father), Who is Picky? (Their dog). <br> C: I will check answers as a class by asking them to take turns reading out each sentence. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board Solving exercises. (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) Checking activities in the board. |
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| SUBJECT: ENGLISH |  | TEACHER: MARVIS LAGAREJO |  | GRADE: $6^{\circ}$ |
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| PERIOD: I |  | DATE: WEEK FROM JANUARY 30 TO FEBRUARY 03 |  | NUMBER OF HOURS: 20 |
| CLASS 50' | GOAL AND TOPIC | STRATEGIES AND LEARNINGS | RESOURSES | EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS |
| 2 hours $6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}: 23-01$ | DAILY ROUTINE <br> Identify words that help you describe daily routines and personal care. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. Then, the lesson will focuses on vocabulary to talk about daily routines and using the present simple in the first and third person. First, learners will review telling the time and days of the week. Language to describe daily routine activities will then be introduced, and learners will answer questions about their own daily routines as well as find out about their classmates' routines. Finally, learners will play a game to practice using the present simple in both the first and third person, and there are some additional suggestions for review and follow-up activities. <br> D. Revise telling the time and days of the week. I will do this by using a clock where you can change the time. Set a time on the clock and ask learners, 'What time is it?' If they answer correctly, drill the answer. Then I will ask the learners to draw their own clocks (or use real clocks) to ask each other the time. I will monitor to check there are no problems. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board |




| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | DAILY ROUTINE <br> Identify words that help you describe daily routines and personal care. | Next, students will talk about other people's daily routines. <br> I will draw a grid on the board with five lines and two columns. In column one, write one of the learner's names. Ask them what time he or she gets up. Stick the 'get up' flashcard on the board to remind the learners that this grid gives information about what time they get up. <br> -On line 1, column two of the grid, next to the learner's name, write the time he or she gets up. I will read the information out, e.g. 'Alex gets up at half past seven.' I will ask further learners, filling in the lines in the same way and eliciting full sentences from the class. If appropriate, I can write the sentence on the board, adding the's' for the third person singular in a different color. <br> C. Checking the activities with the class. <br> I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. I will explain that they are going to play a memory review game <br> D: I will demonstrate the game with a group of six children first. The first player says, for example, 'I watch TV at six o'clock.' The second player repeats the information in the third person and then adds a sentence about themselves, e.g. 'Anna watches TV at six o'clock. I watch TV at half past six.' The third player repeats the information given by the first two and adds his own, and so on. <br> - If one of the players forgets any of the information, the game has to start again. This can be played by several groups at the same time if you have a large class, or you can monitor one group at a time, while the other children draw their daily routine in their notebook, for example. Next, ask them to read the sentences and say what they think the words in bold mean. The Focus on Language section will look at possessive adjectives on the next page, so there is no need to analyze these sentences in a lot of detail at this stage. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board Solving exercises. (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) Checking activities in the board. |
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## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras" PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023

| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | DAILY ROUTINE <br> Identify words that help you describe daily routines and personal care. | C: I will check answers as a class. <br> I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. <br> D: I will ask students to use the all vocabulary learned and write their own daily routine, then, they have to tell their partners about it. <br> My daily routime <br> Quiz <br> C: I will check answers as a class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board. |
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## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras" PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023

| 1 hour <br> $6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}:$ | NUMBERS FROM 01 TO 1000 <br> Identify words that appoint the number from 01 to 1.000 speaking and writing. | I: I will start the class greeting and calling by the students name list. <br> D: ASSESSMENT: <br> Formative - I will use an exit slip at the end of the lesson to test students' understanding of the material taught. I only asked 10 questions. Eln <br> Print Quiz: Numbers 1 to 1000 (numeros - numbers - grammar) (educaplay.com) <br> C: Checking activities with the class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing <br> Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) Checking activities in the board |
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| SUBJECT: ENGLISH |  | TEACHER: MARVIS LAGAREJO |  | GRADE: $6^{\circ}$ |
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| PERIOD: I | DATE: WEEK FROM MARCH 13 TO MARCH 17 |  |  | NUMBER OF HOURS: 20 |
| CLASS 50' | GOAL AND TOPIC | STRATEGIES AND LEARNINGS | RESOURSES | EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | OBJECTS OF THE CLASSROOM Identify words to express classroom objects. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. Then, I will Show the whole class a picture of a classroom, with the items you have chosen to teach. I will take a photo of the own classroom and project it if possible, or find ageneric classroom image with some of the items I am teaching in it. <br> I will find out which words they know by pointing to parts of the picture and asking what things are. I will say the names of the objects and get them to repeat the words they don't or have trouble saying and I will label them on the picture. <br> After that, I will give them a worksheet with classroom objects so they will match the pictures with the words. <br> Next, I will write the words on the board over the projected image. You should get them to say the words before they see them written down, as it's easier for them to remember the correct pronunciation. <br> I will check their answers as a class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board |


| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | OBJECTS OF THE CLASSROOM Identify words to express classroom objects. | Later, I will give out the sticky labels to students and get them to go round the actual classroom and stick them on the correct objects. <br> I will give this task to the better-behaved pupils. They love responsibility and this may inspire rowdy ones to be better behaved for the next time (The labels could stay there for the year). <br> D. After that, I will ask so they are going to review the vocabulary with questions and integrate the prepositions of place. <br> I will ask around the class; "Where's the pen?" <br> They will point to the pen which is on your table. Say; "Good. Listen: It's on the table." <br> I will show them I want them to speak with a sweeping hand gesture. "It's on the table." Get them all to repeat it a few times in chorus. <br> I will continue this with the other vocabulary and prepositions. <br> I will put the models of the sentences in speech bubbles up on the board. I will draw an object onto the picture (on the board not actually on the transparency) now they have to copy the object onto their pictures. Drill "It's on the table" etc. as you do this. <br> I will get them to hold up their pictures and confirm for them that they have done this correctly. <br> C. Checking the activities with the class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board Solving exercises. (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board |
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| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | OBJECTS OF THE CLASSROOM Identify words to express classroom objects. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. Then, once students have practiced enough, I will play a fun flashcard game to practice these classroom object words. Choose one of the flashcards and hold it so that the students cannot see what it is. I will ask them to try to guess what flashcard you are holding. This activity is a great way to encourage students to try and remember the classroom object words they just learned. When a student guesses correctly, I will invite that student to the front of the class to choose the next card. <br> D: Now that students have learned some classroom object words, it's time for a fun activity. This activity is a fun classroom objects guessing game in which students must try to guess the word. There are 10 rounds and in each round students will see a picture of a classroom object hidden behind some colored shapes. As the shapes disappear, students should raise their hands and try to guess what classroom object it is. When students guess, encourage them to use the target expression from the lesson. For example, the teacher can ask "What is it?", "What can you see?" and students can answer "It's a chair.", "I can see a book.", etc. I will check answers as a class. I will ask students first to say the word and then to spell each one. I will write these on the board and then drill the pronunciation with the class. <br> C. Checking the activities with the class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board Solving exercises. (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) Checking activities in the board. |
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## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras"
PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023

| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | OBJECTS OF THE CLASSROOM Identify words to express classroom objects. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. <br> D: Next, it's time for a fun classroom objects board game. To play, download and print this board game and give one to each pair of students. Each pair of students will also need one dice, and something small, such as an eraser, to act as their game piece. To begin, students should place their eraser on the start square and play Rock, Scissors, Paper to see who goes first. Then, one student should role the dice and move their eraser. If they land on a square with a classroom object picture, they should make a dialogue with their partner. For example, "What is it?", "It's a pencil.". | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board. |
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|  |  | C: Check answers as a class. |  |  |


| SUBJECT: ENGLISH |  | TEACHER: MARVIS LAGAREJO |  | GRADE: $6^{\circ}$ |
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| PERIOD: II |  | DATE: WEEK FROM APRIL 17 TO APRIL 21 |  | NUMBER OF HOURS: 20 |
| CLASS 50' | GOAL AND TOPIC | STRATEGIES AND LEARNINGS | RESOURSES | EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS |
| 2 hours <br> $6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$ : | SIMPLE PRESENT OF TO BE <br> Identify elements of simple present of verb to be. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. Then, I will do a short Warm-Up: <br> I will reviewany adjectives or jobs stu-dents have al ready learned. E.g. hot, cold, well, teacher, student, tall, fat, etc. <br> I will introduce any new vo-cabulary you plan to use in this lesson and students haven't learned them yet such as happy, sad, etc. <br> Use flashcards to drill the vocabulary and worksheets for further vocabulary practice activities. <br> D: I will make sentences such as "I am happy. You are happy. Jenny is happy." I will ensure that students understand how the subject and forms of the verb are paired. <br> I will make three columns on the board, the first for the subjects, the second for the verb "to be" and the third for the adjectives. <br> I will all on students to make sentences by choosing a subject, verb, and an adjec-tive from the three columns on the board. <br> I will ask questions such as "Is he happy?", "Are you a student? They will understand what you are asking without introducing questions with the verb "To Be". <br> Elicit the positive answers from the students. Have them answer by saying "Yes, he is happy", "Yes, I am a student" so that they practice saying the target structure. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board |

## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras" PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023


| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | SIMPLE PRESENT OF TO BE <br> Identify elements of simple present of verb to be. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. I will introduce the ques-tion that goes along with this target structure saying "Is she pretty? Are you good? Are you a student? ". Elicit only yes-answers for this lesson to have students practice saying the verb "To Be" I will focus on how to form the question. <br> D. I will divide the students into pairs and encourage them to practice asking and answering questions using the target structure. <br> Once the students are quite confident with making sentences using the singular you, I, he and she, you should introduce the plural we, they and you. <br> Using worksheets, have students will fill in the blanks with "am, is, or are" to complete sen-tences to ensure that they understand which form of the verb agrees with certain subjects. Affirmative, questions and answer and negative form. <br> C. Checking the activities with the class. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board. |
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## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras" PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023
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| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \text { HOUR } \\ 6: A \end{array}$ | SIMPLE PRESENT OF TO BE <br> Identify elements of simple present of verb to be. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. After that, I will tell students that today we are going to take a quiz with the verb to be. <br> D: Students will complete the questions with verb to be. <br> - Complete these sixteen questions to score your knowledge of BE VERB. <br> 1. My brother knows how to fly an airplane. He ... a pilot. <br> a) is <br> b) are <br> c) am <br> 2. (A) Where is he? Is he at work? <br> (B) No, he .... <br> a) isn't <br> b) not <br> c) is <br> 3. (A) Are you hungry? <br> (B) Yes, $1 \ldots$ <br> a) are <br> b) am <br> c) is <br> 9. My friend and I ... both students at the same school. <br> a) is <br> b) are <br> c) am <br> 10. Oh, no! ... I late for the final history exam? <br> a) Am <br> b) Are <br> c) is <br> 11. He is from Italy, she is from Spain, and Miko and Hiro ... from Japan. <br> a) aren't <br> b) are <br> c) is <br> C. Checking the activities with the class. |  |  | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Questions. Oral and writing Participation on the board Solving exercises. (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) Checking activities in the board. |
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## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras"
PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023

| SUBJECT: ENGLISH |  | TEACHER: MARVIS LAGAREJO |  | GRADE: $6^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PERIOD: III |  | DATE: WEEK FROM JULY 10 TO JULY 14 |  | NUMBER OF HOURS: 20 |
| CLASS 50' | GOAL AND TOPIC | STRATEGIES AND LEARNINGS | RESOURSES | EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { hours } \\ & 6^{\circ} \mathrm{A} \text { : } \end{aligned}$ | SIMPLE PRESENT AUXILIARIES <br> Identify elements of simple present with auxiliaries. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. Then, I will do a short Warm-Up: <br> I will divide the class in group of 04 students, I will give each student a question and an answer. (It can't answer his/her own answer) Students mustn't know the questions and answer students have. Each student make his/her question aloud and student who has the answer that questions must answer aloud. <br> D: I will make sentences using each auxiliaries in the questions and I will tell students that today we are going to talk about auxiliaries in simple present. <br> I will choose some students who will participate on the board doing some sentences for practicing. <br> C: Check the exercises with students. | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV <br> Papers | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board |

## COLEGIO COOPERATIVO DE APARTADÓ "C.A.R.B"

"Porque tus metas también son las nuestras" PLANEACIÒN DIDACTICA DE CLASES 2023
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| 2 hours <br> $6^{\circ} \mathrm{A}$ : | SIMPLE PRESENT AUXILIARIES <br> Identify elements of simple present with auxiliaries. | I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. <br> D: I will tell students that today we are going to practice the last lesson about auxiliaries in simple present. <br> In pairs, they will complete the information given in the worksheets. <br> Simple present of the verbs: affirmative and negative and questions <br> 1 Une las dos partes de cada frase $y$ escríbelas. Luego escribelas en negativa. <br> I 'ma doctor. <br> We $\qquad$ <br> He $\qquad$ <br> 3 You $\qquad$ <br> She $\qquad$ <br> C: Check exercise with students. <br> I. I will start the class greeting my students and calling by the name list. <br> D: I will tell students that today we are going to practice the last lesson about auxiliaries in simple present. <br> In pairs, they will practice some exercises online. <br> Be, can, do, have: exercises (agendaweb.org) <br> To be, do, have, can exercises - present simple (agendaweb.org) | Notebooks <br> Worksheets <br> Pencils <br> Websites <br> Computer and TV | Asking and answering questions. <br> Oral and writing Participation on the board <br> Solving exercises. <br> (Listening, speaking, writing <br> and Reading) <br> Checking activities in the board. |
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